

FINANCIAL REPORT

January to December 2017

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Basis of presentation

The consolidated income statement and balance sheet at the end of 2017 and the year 2016, together with the breakdowns of different items shown in this Financial Report, are presented in accordance with the bases, principles and accounting criteria defined in Note 1 of the Group's consolidated annual accounts at 31st December 2016.

Some of the figures included in this document have been rounded up or down. As a result, there may be small discrepancies in the tables between the totals and the amounts listed.

The macroeconomic analysis is taken from the report "Economic Environment. The economic outlook for Andalusia", issue 110, January 2018, published by the *Analistas Económicos de Andalucía* group.

Unicaja Banco Group posted net profit of EUR 138 million in 2017, 2.5% higher than in 2016, and will raise its dividend by 17%

The Group's net profit, if the bancassurance business restructuring is excluded, would be EUR 189.3 million.

Unicaja Banco achieved this result by improving its key banking activity indicators:

- The **net interest margin** has risen in the fourth quarter by 6.9% and net fees by 2%, confirming their sustained improvement, with an increase of 6.1% over the year.
- **Operating expenses** have fallen by 3.5% in the year, with a 1.7% reduction in the fourth quarter from the previous quarter.
- Total impairments, excluding the impact of reorganising insurance activity, shrank by nearly half in relation to the previous year, and recorded Q4 impairments is the lowest of this year.

Commercial activity continued to improve, increasing customer engagement:

- **New transactions** increased by 44% in the corporate segment and 22% in the case of individuals compared to 2016.
- **Customer resources** increased in this quarter as well as for the same period last year, with a year-on-year growth of 13.2% in sight resources and 9.1% in off-balance sheet resources. The mix of sight and term deposits continues to improve vis-à-vis 2016.

Risk indicators continue to improve and coverage levels remained stable:

- **NPAs** fell by 20.8% (EUR -1,201 million) in the year (7.3% in the fourth quarter), with NPLs and foreclosed assets falling by 15.7% and 27.1%, respectively, in the course of the year.
- The **NPL ratio** dropped by -0.3 p.p. in the quarter (1.1 p.p. over the year) to 8.7%, maintaining its coverage ratio, both on doubtful loans and on foreclosed assets, which stand at 50% and 64%, respectively.

Financial robustness and high liquidity levels:

- The Group continues to have a comfortable liquidity position, with its net liquid assets accounting for 25.2% of the balance sheet.
- It has improved its regulatory CET1 ratio over the quarter by 41 base points and has a surplus of 645 base points above SREP requirements for 2018.
- The proposed distribution of the net income for the year implies a dividend that will be 17% higher than 2016.

2. Key Highlights

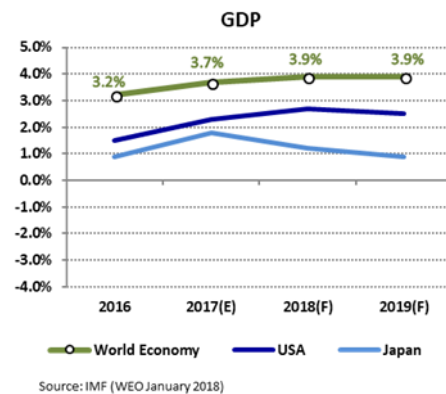
| Million euros / % / pp | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 31/12/2016 | QoQ | YoY |
|---|------------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| BALANCE SHEET | | | | | |
| Total assets | 56,332 | 56,406 | 57,241 | -0.1% | -1.6% |
| Gross loans and advances to customers (ex-reverse repos, ex others financial assets)* | 28,619 | 28,996 | 30,266 | -1.3% | -5.4% |
| Performing gross loans and advances to customers (ex-reverse repos, ex other financial assets)* | 25,908 | 26,163 | 27,051 | -1.0% | -4.2% |
| On-balance sheet customers funds* | 37,718 | 37,452 | 36,543 | 0.7% | 3.2% |
| Off-balance sheet customer funds | 12,699 | 12,348 | 11,635 | 2.8% | 9.1% |
| Shareholders equity | 3,856 | 3,705 | 2,918 | 4.1% | 32.1% |
| Total equity | 3,902 | 3,921 | 3,183 | -0.5% | 22.6% |
| <i>(*) Excluding valuation adjustments</i> | | | | | |
| RESULTS (cumulative figures) | | | | | |
| Net interest income | 583 | 432 | 620 | | -6.0% |
| Gross income | 997 | 816 | 1,089 | | -8.5% |
| Pre-provision profit | 364 | 338 | 433 | | -15.9% |
| Consolidated net income | 138 | 120 | 135 | | 2.5% |
| Attributable net income | 142 | 136 | 142 | | 0.2% |
| Cost to income | 59.2% | 54.6% | 56.1% | 4.6 pp | 3.2 pp |
| ROE | 4.2% | 5.6% | 4.9% | -1.4 pp | -0.7 pp |
| ROA | 0.2% | 0.3% | 0.2% | 0.0 pp | 0.0 pp |
| RISK MANAGEMENT | | | | | |
| Non performing loans (NPL) (a) | 2,710 | 2,833 | 3,215 | -4.3% | -15.7% |
| Real Estate foreclosed assets (b) | 1,872 | 2,111 | 2,567 | -11.3% | -27.1% |
| Non performing assets -NPA- (a+b) | 4,582 | 4,944 | 5,783 | -7.3% | -20.8% |
| NPL ratio | 8.7% | 9.0% | 9.8% | -0.3 pp | -1.1 pp |
| NPL coverage | 50.0% | 50.0% | 50.0% | 0.0 pp | 0.0 pp |
| Real Estate foreclosed assets coverage | 64.0% | 63.0% | 62.1% | 0.9 pp | 1.9 pp |
| Non performing assets (NPA) coverage | 55.7% | 55.6% | 55.4% | 0.1 pp | 0.3 pp |
| Cost of risk | 0.15% | 0.28% | 0.25% | -0.12 pp | -0.09 pp |
| LIQUIDITY | | | | | |
| Loan to deposit ratio | 75.9% | 77.4% | 82.8% | -1.5 pp | -6.9 pp |
| LCR | 701% | 884% | 410% | -183.3 pp | 290.8 pp |
| NSFR | 134% | 129% | 125% | 5.0 pp | 9.0 pp |
| SOLVENCY | | | | | |
| CET1 ratio (phase-in) | 14.6% | 14.1% | 13.8% | 0.4 pp | 0.8 pp |
| CET1 ratio (fully loaded) | 12.8% | 12.5% | 11.8% | 0.2 pp | 0.9 pp |
| Total capital ratio (phase-in) | 15.1% | 14.6% | 14.2% | 0.4 pp | 0.9 pp |
| Total capital ratio (fully loaded) | 13.3% | 13.0% | 12.4% | 0.3 pp | 1.0 pp |
| Risk weighted assets (RWA) | 24,239 | 24,949 | 25,188 | -2.8% | -3.8% |
| ADDITIONAL INFORMATION | | | | | |
| Employees (average number) | 7,200 | 7,247 | 7,560 | -0.6% | -4.8% |
| Branches | 1,227 | 1,245 | 1,280 | -1.4% | -4.1% |
| ATMs | 1,515 | 1,508 | 1,525 | 0.5% | -0.7% |

3. Macroeconomic Environment

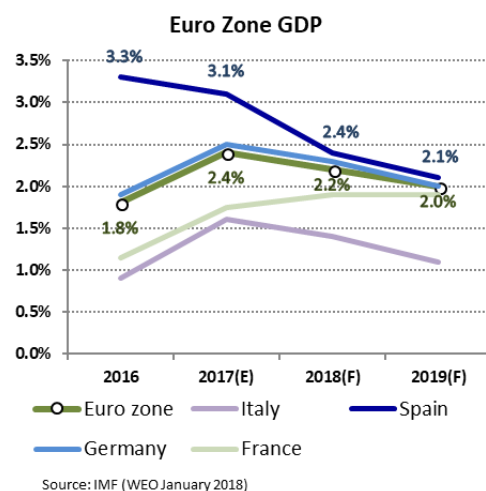
The first months of the year continue to signal a relatively positive economic outlook on both the international and domestic fronts. Information published in January has underpinned the significant uptick in activity in the last part of 2017. On the international stage, the improved perspectives in the IMF's latest update of its worldwide forecasts were encouraging, as was the optimism expressed by key international leaders during the Davos Forum. Back at home, the Quarterly National Accounts published by the National Statistics Institute, the INE, show that the fourth quarter slowed down by only 0.1% from the previous quarter, bringing annual growth for 2017 as a whole to 3.1%.

According to the forecasts made by experts at the International Monetary Fund, the Spanish economy's growth rate in 2017 has beaten the average for advanced economies (2.3%), although this is lower than world GDP growth, which is estimated to have reached 3.7%, the highest rate of growth in the last five years. This consolidation of increased activity, which can be seen in most of the key geographic areas, is underpinned by sustained loose monetary policies and very favourable financial conditions, with a less restrictive fiscal policy.

These signs of recovery have been accompanied by stronger world trade, with a growth rate that, unlike recent years (the post-Great Recession period), is higher than the rise in GDP. Although the biggest surprise in the recent situation has been the acceleration of the European economy, particularly the eurozone, which as well as reducing the dispersion between EMU countries, has produced YoY growth of 2.7% (Q4 figures still provisional) and is keeping inflation under control (1.4% in December).



In this context, IMF forecasts for the next two years, 2018 and 2019, are keeping to a fairly positive scenario for the world economy, which could grow by around 4% and continue to consolidate the recovery. The main advanced economies, including the eurozone as a whole, Japan and the US, will grow faster in 2018 than was expected last autumn (earlier reviews published in October 2017). The review to the upside is significant in the case of the US (0.4 p.p. higher), because its economy will benefit from the strong stimulus resulting from the tax reform. Meanwhile, in terms of risk, the Fund believes that these are balanced in the short term, but points to a possible correction in financial markets, together with political and geopolitical conflicts, as areas that need to be monitored closely.



In the case of Spain, the IMF has forecast that in 2018 real GDP will grow by 2.4%, 0.1% under its previous estimate, due to the impact of increased political uncertainty on confidence and demand. For 2019, on the other hand, it has adjusted its earlier forecast by 0.1% to the upside, to 2.1%. The report published with these forecasts notes that the growth rates of many eurozone economies have been reviewed upwards, particularly those of Germany, Italy and the Netherlands, because of the uptick in internal and external demand. By contrast, Spain's growth, which had been running well above its potential, has been corrected slightly to the downside (by 0.1%) in 2018.

This slowdown may be starting to show in the labour market, although the general trend remains favourable. Thus, in the fourth quarter of 2017, the Labour Force Survey, published by the National Statistics Institute (INE), indicates that job creation in the Spanish economy slowed in the last quarter to 2.6%, a figure that is 0.2% lower than the previous quarter. Looking at unemployment, this rose in the final quarter, for seasonal reasons, posting at 16.6%, although this is still 2.1% below the rate at the end of 2016.

In any event, other activity indicators still show a very solid upward profile, with no signs of wavering. As well as the synthetic activity indicator calculated by the Ministry of the Economy, we should point to the expansionary trend in the Enterprise Business Figures index, the ICNE, that has been accelerating in recent months thanks to the more positive performance of the trade index, as well as manufacturing orders and industrial production, not forgetting the surge in installed capacity utilisation rates (79.1% in Q4 2017).

The expansionary phase of the economic cycle, apart from spending control policies, is bringing public debt levels down, not only in Spain but also in the EMU area as a whole. So, with data to Q3 2017, public debt fell throughout the euro area to 88.1% of GDP, compared to 89.7% at the same stage of the year before. The highest public debt-to-GDP ratios in

the third quarter of 2017 were those of Greece (177.4%), Italy (134.1%) and Portugal (130.8%); the lowest ratios were those of Estonia (8.9%), Luxembourg (23.4%) and Bulgaria (25.6%). The combined debt of Spain's public administrations was 98.7% of GDP, a 1.2 p.p. reduction from the previous year.

Draft budgets for 2018 forecast another reduction in Public Administration deficit in the EMU area of up to 0.9% of GDP, against the estimated 1.1% for 2017. Public debt will also fall this year, expected to come in at 86% of GDP, compared to the 88% estimated for 2017. In structural terms, the public balance will change very little in 2018, since fiscal policy is remaining practically neutral, a tone that the European Commission believes to be appropriate.

4. Balance sheet

| <i>Million euros</i> | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 31/12/2016 | QoQ | YoY |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Cash and balances at central banks | 3,806 | 1,221 | 862 | 211.7% | 341.7% |
| Financial assets held for trading | 31 | 51 | 78 | -37.8% | -59.8% |
| Available for sale financial assets | 3,702 | 4,944 | 5,403 | -25.1% | -31.5% |
| Loans and receivables | 32,407 | 33,275 | 31,643 | -2.6% | 2.4% |
| Debt securities | 2,585 | 2,857 | 786 | -9.5% | 228.7% |
| Credit institutions | 184 | 484 | 170 | -61.9% | 8.2% |
| Loans and advances to customers | 29,638 | 29,935 | 30,686 | -1.0% | -3.4% |
| Held to maturity investments | 10,634 | 11,019 | 12,908 | -3.5% | -17.6% |
| Hedging derivatives | 457 | 477 | 606 | -4.2% | -24.7% |
| Investments in subsidiaries, JVs and associates | 483 | 523 | 294 | -7.6% | 64.2% |
| Tangible assets | 1,291 | 1,301 | 1,438 | -0.8% | -10.2% |
| Intangible assets | 2 | 2 | 1 | -1.6% | 140.7% |
| Tax assets | 2,613 | 2,586 | 2,586 | 1.0% | 1.1% |
| Other assets | 466 | 494 | 660 | -5.6% | -29.3% |
| Non current assets held for sale | 439 | 511 | 762 | -14.2% | -42.4% |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 56,332 | 56,406 | 57,241 | -0.1% | -1.6% |
| Financial liabilities held for trading | 27 | 27 | 51 | 0.9% | -46.1% |
| Financial liabilities at amortised cost | 50,941 | 50,939 | 52,729 | 0.0% | -3.4% |
| Deposits from central banks | 3,330 | 3,333 | 0 | -0.1% | n.a. |
| Deposits from credit institutions | 715 | 1,158 | 2,464 | -38.3% | -71.0% |
| Customer deposits | 46,041 | 45,522 | 48,532 | 1.1% | -5.1% |
| Debt securities issued | 130 | 200 | 814 | -35.1% | -84.0% |
| Other financial liabilities | 725 | 726 | 919 | -0.2% | -21.2% |
| Hedging derivatives | 31 | 26 | 50 | 18.9% | -37.1% |
| Provisions | 935 | 968 | 707 | -3.4% | 32.3% |
| Tax liabilities | 209 | 238 | 239 | -12.3% | -12.6% |
| Other liabilities | 286 | 285 | 281 | 0.1% | 1.5% |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 52,430 | 52,485 | 54,058 | -0.1% | -3.0% |
| Shareholder funds | 3,856 | 3,705 | 2,918 | 4.1% | 32.1% |
| Valuation adjustments | 17 | 55 | 35 | -69.0% | -51.2% |
| Minority interest | 30 | 162 | 230 | -81.6% | -87.1% |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 3,902 | 3,921 | 3,183 | -0.5% | 22.6% |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 56,332 | 56,406 | 57,241 | -0.1% | -1.6% |
| OFF BALANCE SHEET CUSTOMER FUNDS | 12,699 | 12,348 | 11,635 | 2.8% | 9.1% |

At 31st December 2017, Unicaja Banco Group's assets came to EUR 56,332 million. Loans and receivables account for EUR 32,407 million, with loans and advances to customers worth EUR 29,638 million. Investments held to maturity amount to EUR 10,634 million, and mainly consist of Spanish Treasury debt.

Total assets fell by 0.1% in the last quarter, mainly because of the performance in the fixed income portfolio of available-for-sale financial assets and those held to maturity. Loans and advances to clients fell in net terms by 1% over the quarter, essentially through the recovery of non-performing loans and the reduction in performing loans to customers.

Available-for-sale financial assets have diminished, contributing to the profits on financial transactions, increasing the balance in the short-term held in central banks.

Assets have fallen by 1.6% over the year because of the amortisation of portfolios held to maturity, which have dropped by 17.6%, and to a lesser extent due to the reduction in the loan book, which has shrunk by 3.4%. We should bear in mind that in the second quarter of 2017, the insurance business was reorganised, leading to a series of agreements, which explains the increase in the item on investments in joint ventures and associated businesses, and the reduction in non-current assets for sale, since part of the companies that have been included under these agreements were already classified under this latter item. Both the performance of this item over the quarter and that of other assets has reflected the positive performance of foreclosed assets.

The Group's total liabilities come to EUR 52,430 million. The vast majority of this is made up of financial liabilities carried at amortized cost, amounting to EUR 50,941 million. Customer deposits of EUR 46,041 million account for 90.4% of these total financial liabilities. The Group also manages other customer resources as well as the deposits mentioned above, mainly investment funds, pension funds and savings insurance. These are all off-balance sheet and come to EUR 12,699 million.

Liabilities carried at amortized cost remained stable over the quarter, while total liabilities fell by 0.1% because of the drop in provisioning and tax liabilities. Within these liabilities carried at amortized cost, there was a rise over the quarter of customer deposits excluding valuation adjustments of 1.3%, as a result of the good performance of the commercial activity, as well as the rise in repos, which outstripped the maturities on mortgage-covered bonds during the quarter.

In 2017 financial liabilities carried at amortized cost fell by 3.4%, particularly repurchase agreements and

non-negotiable securities booked under deposits to customers and deposits in credit institutions. These have been partially substituted by greater recourse to the ECB in the form of TLTROs.

Commercial activity has enabled business volumes to continue rising, both in new credit origination and in new retail funds.

5. Customer Funds

| <i>Million euros. Excluding valuation adjustments</i> | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 31/12/2016 | QoQ | YoY |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|
| On-balance sheet customer funds | 45,503 | 45,007 | 48,514 | 1.1% | -6.2% |
| Customer funds | 45,373 | 44,807 | 47,710 | 1.3% | -4.9% |
| Public Sector | 2,638 | 2,267 | 2,311 | 16.4% | 14.1% |
| Private sector | 42,736 | 42,540 | 45,399 | 0.5% | -5.9% |
| Sight deposits | 25,356 | 24,454 | 22,397 | 3.7% | 13.2% |
| Term deposits | 14,222 | 15,699 | 17,684 | -9.4% | -19.6% |
| <i>of which: covered bonds</i> | <i>5,093</i> | <i>5,718</i> | <i>6,370</i> | <i>-10.9%</i> | <i>-20.1%</i> |
| Repos | 3,157 | 2,388 | 5,318 | 32.2% | -40.6% |
| Issues | 130 | 200 | 804 | -35.0% | -83.8% |
| Promissory notes | 0 | 0 | 0 | n.a. | n.a. |
| Mortgages securities | 130 | 200 | 200 | -35.0% | -35.0% |
| Other values | 0 | 0 | 0 | n.a. | n.a. |
| Subordinated liabilities | 0 | 0 | 604 | n.a. | -100.0% |
| Off-balance sheet customer funds | 12,699 | 12,348 | 11,635 | 2.8% | 9.1% |
| Mutual funds | 6,067 | 5,933 | 5,561 | 2.3% | 9.1% |
| Pension funds | 2,274 | 2,247 | 2,211 | 1.2% | 2.8% |
| Insurance savings | 3,429 | 3,283 | 2,965 | 4.5% | 15.6% |
| Discretionary portfolios | 929 | 884 | 898 | 5.0% | 3.4% |
| TOTAL CUSTOMER FUNDS | 58,202 | 57,355 | 60,149 | 1.5% | -3.2% |
| Retail customers funds | 50,417 | 49,799 | 48,178 | 1.2% | 4.6% |
| of which: on-balance sheet | 37,718 | 37,452 | 36,543 | 0.7% | 3.2% |
| Public Sector | 2,638 | 2,267 | 2,311 | 16.4% | 14.1% |
| Sight deposits | 25,356 | 24,454 | 22,397 | 3.7% | 13.2% |
| Term deposits | 9,130 | 9,981 | 11,314 | -8.5% | -19.3% |
| Others | 594 | 750 | 521 | -20.7% | 14.1% |
| of which: off-balance sheet | 12,699 | 12,348 | 11,635 | 2.8% | 9.1% |
| Wholesale funds | 7,785 | 7,556 | 11,971 | 3.0% | -35.0% |

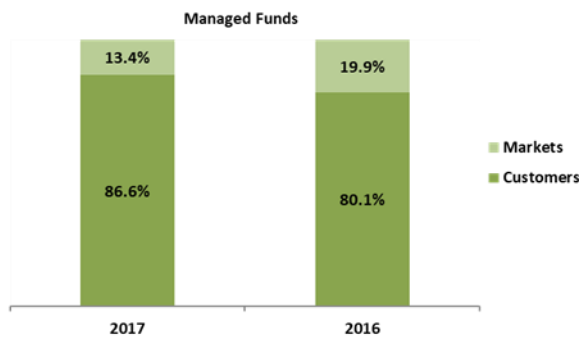
The volume of managed resources managed by the Group rose at the end of 2017 to EUR 58,202 million.

The bulk of managed funds are customer deposits (EUR 45,373 million), of which EUR 25,356 million are private sector clients' sight deposits, EUR 14,222 million are term deposits (including EUR 5,093 million in non-negotiable mortgage covered bonds issues) and EUR 3,157 million are repos. Off-balance sheet funds reached EUR 12,699 million, made up mostly of investment funds (EUR 6,067 million), pension funds (EUR 2,274 million) and savings insurance (EUR 3,429 million). The balance of issues included in the aggregate of on-balance sheet customer funds is limited to EUR 130 million and consists only of mortgage securities in the

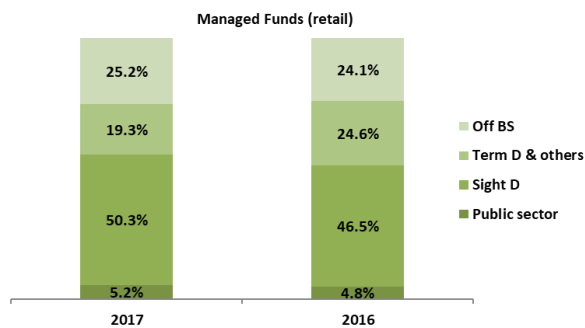
hands of third parties following the repurchase of the convertible EspañaDuero bonds underwritten by the FROB (EUR 604 million).

As to the origin of the resources, 87% (80% at year-end 2016) relates to retail customers' business (EUR 50,417 million), while the remaining 13% (EUR 7,785 million) is represented by funds raised in wholesale markets through issuances and repos.

within total resources managed, and reported a positive performance in both year-on-year and quarter-on-quarter terms.



Year on year, the weight of funds managed for retail customers has gone up.



The variation in customer funds is a reflection of the strategic direction taken by the institution to improve its margins in attracting resources. Total managed customer funds rose 1.2% (0.6% in the previous year); the total balance sheet grew by 0.7% (0.3% in the previous year), with an increase of 16.4% in public administration funds and 3.7% in at sight deposits. In addition, off-balance sheet funds increased by 2.8% compared to the previous quarter, with the most significant increases in savings insurance and investment funds. Retail customer funds posted an annual growth of 4.6%, with a 3.2% growth in balance sheet funds, driven by an increase in sight balances 13.2% and public sector by 14.1%. Off-balance sheet funds also experienced a strong year-on-year increase, of 9.1%.

This higher growth in off-balance sheet resources is the result of stronger customer demand due to interest rates scenario and is in line with the entity's strategy of giving greater weight to these resources,

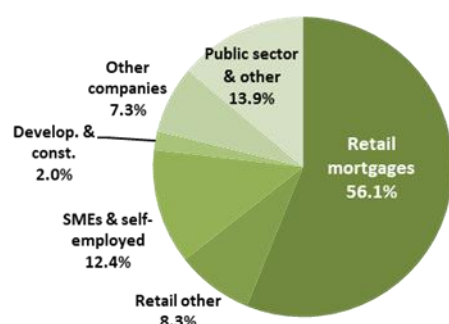
6. Performing loans

| <i>Million euros. Excluding valuation adjustments</i> | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 31/12/2016 | QoQ | YoY |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Public sector | 1,522 | 1,515 | 2,150 | 0.5% | -29.2% |
| Private sector | 24,386 | 24,647 | 24,902 | -1.1% | -2.1% |
| Corporates | 6,144 | 6,176 | 5,765 | -0.5% | 6.6% |
| RED and construction | 572 | 620 | 672 | -7.8% | -14.9% |
| SMEs and self-employed | 3,518 | 3,442 | 3,457 | 2.2% | 1.7% |
| Other corporates | 2,054 | 2,113 | 1,636 | -2.8% | 25.6% |
| Individuals | 18,242 | 18,472 | 19,136 | -1.2% | -4.7% |
| Mortgages | 15,900 | 16,144 | 16,745 | -1.5% | -5.0% |
| Consumer and other | 2,343 | 2,327 | 2,391 | 0.7% | -2.0% |
| Repos and valuation adjustments | 2,418 | 2,401 | 2,463 | 0.7% | -1.8% |
| TOTAL PERFORMING LOANS | 28,326 | 28,565 | 29,514 | -0.8% | -4.0% |

Performing loans stands at EUR 28,326 million. Of this, EUR 1,522 million correspond to loans to public administrations, EUR 24,386 million to private sector credit and EUR 2,418 million to repurchase agreements and other unclassified balances, mainly collateral for financing transactions and derivatives. By portfolio type, the most important are loans with retail mortgage guarantees, representing 56.1% of total performing credit, and the SME and self-employed portfolio, accounting for another 12.4%.

to the previous quarter. Within this section, new loans to other corporations increased by 108% compared to 2016. This led to an 25% increase in new lending in this segment compared to the end of 2016. The SME and self-employed segment grew 2.2% in the quarter and 1.7% in the year. In the individuals segment, new transactions grew by 22%; of which mortgage-backed transactions grew by 23% and the remainder by 19%. Nonetheless, this growth does not fully offset the maturities in retail segment transactions, resulting in a decrease of performing loans to individuals of 4.7% year-on-year.

Performing Credit



Credit performance has been notable for an increase in originations, particularly in loans to the private sector, with new lending transactions for a total of EUR 3,080 million, an expansion of 36% against the previous year.

Performing loans to the private sector dropped 2.1% compared to the end of 2016 and 1.1% with respect

7. Non-performing loans & foreclosed assets

| <i>Million euros</i> | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 31/12/2016 | QoQ | YoY |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| GROSS BALANCE | | | | | |
| Public sector | 2 | 6 | 10 | -64.5% | -76.3% |
| Private sector | 2,708 | 2,827 | 3,205 | -4.2% | -15.5% |
| Business | 1,071 | 1,162 | 1,498 | -7.8% | -28.5% |
| RED and construction | 351 | 388 | 503 | -9.4% | -30.1% |
| SMEs and self-employed | 653 | 704 | 832 | -7.2% | -21.5% |
| Other corporates | 66 | 70 | 163 | -5.7% | -59.4% |
| Individuals | 1,637 | 1,665 | 1,707 | -1.7% | -4.1% |
| Mortgages | 1,136 | 1,174 | 1,382 | -3.2% | -17.8% |
| Consumer and other | 501 | 492 | 325 | 1.9% | 54.1% |
| Repos and valuation adjustments | 0 | 0 | 0 | n.a. | n.a. |
| NON PERFORMING LOANS | 2,710 | 2,833 | 3,215 | -4.3% | -15.7% |
| Non performing loans (excluding RED loans) | 2,359 | 2,445 | 2,712 | -3.5% | -13.0% |
| PROVISIONS | | | | | |
| Public sector | 0 | 0 | 0 | n.a. | n.a. |
| Private sector | 1,347 | 1,409 | 1,607 | -4.4% | -16.2% |
| Business | 614 | 662 | 883 | -7.2% | -30.5% |
| RED and construction | 249 | 280 | 364 | -11.1% | -31.5% |
| SMEs and self-employed | 327 | 340 | 408 | -3.8% | -19.9% |
| Other corporates | 38 | 42 | 112 | -9.2% | -65.8% |
| Individuals | 733 | 748 | 724 | -1.9% | 1.2% |
| Mortgages | 414 | 431 | 527 | -4.0% | -21.4% |
| Consumer and other | 319 | 317 | 198 | 0.9% | 61.6% |
| Repos and valuation adjustments | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0.0% | n.a. |
| NON PERFORMING LOANS | 1,355 | 1,417 | 1,607 | -4.4% | -15.7% |
| Non performing loans (excluding RED loans) | 1,106 | 1,137 | 1,244 | -2.7% | -11.1% |
| % COVERAGE | | | | | |
| Public sector | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0 pp | 0.0 pp |
| Private sector | 49.8% | 49.9% | 50.2% | -0.1 pp | -0.4 pp |
| Business | 57.3% | 57.0% | 59.0% | 0.4 pp | -1.6 pp |
| RED and construction | 70.9% | 72.2% | 72.4% | -1.4 pp | -1.5 pp |
| SMEs and self-employed | 50.0% | 48.3% | 49.0% | 1.8 pp | 1.0 pp |
| Other corporates | 57.8% | 60.0% | 68.5% | -2.2 pp | -10.8 pp |
| Individuals | 44.8% | 44.9% | 42.4% | -0.1 pp | 2.4 pp |
| Mortgages | 36.4% | 36.7% | 38.1% | -0.3 pp | -1.7 pp |
| Consumer and other | 63.7% | 64.4% | 60.8% | -0.7 pp | 3.0 pp |
| Repos and valuation adjustments | | | | | |
| NON PERFORMING LOANS | 50.0% | 50.0% | 50.0% | 0.0 pp | 0.0 pp |
| Non performing loans (excluding RED loans) | 46.9% | 46.5% | 45.9% | 0.4 pp | 1.0 pp |

Continuing the trend of recovery and favourable performance since the end of 2014, the Group's NPAs stood at EUR 2,710 million at the close of 2017, representing a fall of EUR 2,104 million since the end of 2014 (44%).

Since December 2016, it has fallen by 15.7% (EUR - 505 million), representing a further improvement in the NPL ratio, which has edged to 8.7%. Over the quarter, the fall amounts to EUR 123 million, with gross entries having fallen below EUR 100 million in the quarter, 25% below the average for the previous

quarters of the year. There is an improvement in recoveries, which, excluding write-offs, means the Entity has recorded seven consecutive quarters of net outflows (if the effect of the Banks of Spain Circular 4/2016 in Q4 2016 is stripped out).

The Unicaja Banco Group has all this underway while keeping its coverage of NPL risk at 50%. Meanwhile, the Group has adapted its methodology for calculating impaired assets provisioning needs to the coming into force, on 1st January 2018, of the IFRS9 regulation. The impact of applying this new regulation will be an increase of EUR 127 million in provisioning, bringing the coverage up to 55%, when added to the funds existing at 31st December 2017.

| <i>Million euros</i> | 4Q 2017 | 3Q 2017 | 2Q 2017 | 1Q 2017 | 4Q 2016 | 3Q 2016 | 2Q 2016 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| NPL EVOLUTION | | | | | | | |
| NPLs at the beginning of the period | 2,833 | 2,910 | 3,032 | 3,215 | 3,208 | 3,339 | 3,455 |
| Recoveries | -95 | -26 | -62 | -82 | 68 | -36 | -43 |
| Write-offs | -28 | -51 | -60 | -102 | -61 | -95 | -73 |
| NPLs at the end of the period | 2,710 | 2,833 | 2,910 | 3,032 | 3,215 | 3,208 | 3,339 |

| <i>Million euros</i> | 4Q 2017 | 3Q 2017 | 2Q 2017 | 1Q 2017 | 4Q 2016 | 3Q 2016 | 2Q 2016 |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| NPL recoveries evolution | | | | | | | |
| Gross entries | 88 | 112 | 108 | 134 | 255 ⁽¹⁾ | 102 | 162 |
| Recoveries | -183 | -138 | -170 | -216 | -187 | -138 | -205 |
| Net recoveries | -95 | -26 | -62 | -82 | 68 | -36 | -43 |

⁽¹⁾ Includes € 123 million of new entries into NPLs resulting from the application of Circular 4/2016 of Bank of Spain.

FORECLOSED ASSETS

At the end of 2017, the net balance of foreclosed assets amounted to EUR 675 million euros (EUR 1,872 million gross), representing only 1.2% of Unicaja Banco Group's total assets.

55% of the foreclosed assets, at net book value, are finished new housing and used housing.

Following Unicaja Banco Group's prudential policy, the provisioning for foreclosed assets was EUR 1,197 million at the close of 2017, representing coverage of 64.0%.

Exits of foreclosed assets speeded up considerably in the second half, compared to the first, which in turn performed better than in 2016. In the Q4, assets were sold at a cost of EUR 343 million; this represented more than 13% of the stock at the beginning of the year and more than doubles the already good performance achieved the previous year. The sale of asset portfolios has contributed to this progress, which have accounted for derecognitions for a gross value of EUR 252 million over the quarter. The upward price trend in sales of this type of asset continues and, as such, there is greater recovery of provisions on the sale price.

| <i>Million euros</i> | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 31/12/2016 | QoQ | YoY |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| GROSS BALANCE | | | | | |
| From lending to RE developers | 1,070 | 1,201 | 1,522 | -11.0% | -29.7% |
| Finished buildings | 213 | 326 | 419 | -34.7% | -49.2% |
| Buildings under construction | 139 | 143 | 183 | -2.3% | -23.8% |
| Land | 718 | 733 | 920 | -2.1% | -22.0% |
| From retail mortgages | 530 | 612 | 661 | -13.4% | -19.8% |
| Other foreclosed assets | 272 | 297 | 385 | -8.5% | -29.4% |
| TOTAL FORECLOSED ASSETS | 1,872 | 2,111 | 2,567 | -11.3% | -27.1% |
| Off which finished buildings | 743 | 938 | 1,079 | -20.8% | -31.2% |
| PROVISIONS | | | | | |
| From lending to RE developers | 769 | 846 | 1,020 | -9.1% | -24.6% |
| Finished buildings | 111 | 169 | 213 | -33.9% | -47.6% |
| Buildings under construction | 81 | 86 | 106 | -5.3% | -23.4% |
| Land | 577 | 592 | 702 | -2.5% | -17.8% |
| From retail mortgages | 260 | 305 | 336 | -14.8% | -22.6% |
| Other foreclosed assets | 167 | 178 | 237 | -6.3% | -29.5% |
| TOTAL FORECLOSED ASSETS | 1,197 | 1,330 | 1,594 | -10.0% | -24.9% |
| Off which finished buildings | 372 | 474 | 549 | -21.6% | -32.2% |
| COVERAGE (%) | | | | | |
| From lending to RE developers | 71.9% | 70.4% | 67.0% | 1.5 pp | 4.9 pp |
| Finished buildings | 52.4% | 51.8% | 50.8% | 0.6 pp | 1.6 pp |
| Buildings under construction | 58.1% | 59.9% | 57.8% | -1.8 pp | 0.3 pp |
| Land | 80.4% | 80.8% | 76.3% | -0.4 pp | 4.1 pp |
| From retail mortgages | 49.1% | 49.9% | 50.9% | -0.8 pp | -1.8 pp |
| Other foreclosed assets | 61.6% | 60.1% | 61.7% | 1.5 pp | -0.1 pp |
| TOTAL FORECLOSED ASSETS | 64.0% | 63.0% | 62.1% | 0.9 pp | 1.9 pp |
| Off which finished buildings | 50.0% | 50.5% | 50.8% | -0.5 pp | -0.8 pp |
| <i>Million euros</i> | 4Q 2017 | 3Q 2017 | 2Q 2017 | 1Q 2017 | 4Q 2016 |
| FORECLOSED ASSETS EVOLUTION | | | | | |
| BoP | 2,111 | 2,450 | 2,512 | 2,567 | 2,578 |
| Inflows | 104 | 54 | 97 | 103 | 106 |
| Outflows | 343 | 394 | 159 | 158 | 116 |
| EOp | 1,872 | 2,111 | 2,450 | 2,512 | 2,567 |
| % Quarter recoveries of foreclosures at beginning of 2017 | 13% | 15% | 6% | 6% | |

8. Results

| Million euros | 31/12/2017 | 31/12/2016 | Amount | % |
|--|------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| Interest income | 853 | 1,011 | -158 | -15.6% |
| Interest expense | 270 | 391 | -121 | -31.0% |
| NET INTEREST INCOME | 583 | 620 | -37 | -6.0% |
| Dividend income | 23 | 27 | -5 | -16.6% |
| Share of results of entities accounted for using the equity method | 49 | 35 | 14 | 39.2% |
| Net fee income | 220 | 207 | 13 | 6.1% |
| Trading income (*) | 98 | 78 | 20 | 25.6% |
| Other operating income/expenses (**) | 24 | 121 | -97 | -80.2% |
| GROSS INCOME | 997 | 1,089 | -92 | -8.5% |
| Administrative costs | 590 | 611 | -20 | -3.3% |
| Staff costs | 401 | 427 | -25 | -6.0% |
| Other administrative costs | 189 | 184 | 5 | 2.9% |
| Amortization | 42 | 45 | -3 | -6.5% |
| PRE-PROVISION PROFIT | 364 | 433 | -69 | -15.9% |
| Provisions /reversal of provisions | 132 | 104 | 28 | 27.3% |
| Impairments / reversal of financial assets | 37 | 39 | -2 | -4.8% |
| Off which credit and loans | 49 | 84 | -35 | -42.0% |
| NET OPERATING INCOME | 195 | 291 | -96 | -32.9% |
| Impairments on non-financial assets (***) | -55 | -100 | 44 | -44.5% |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAX | 140 | 191 | -51 | -26.8% |
| Taxes | 1 | 66 | -65 | -98.0% |
| NET INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | 138 | 125 | 14 | 10.9% |
| Profit / loss from discontinued operations | 0 | 10 | -10 | -100.0% |
| CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME | 138 | 135 | 3 | 2.5% |
| ATTRIBUTABLE NET INCOME | 142 | 142 | 0 | 0.2% |

Promemoria:

¹ Results excluding the impact of the reorganisation of life insurance business (2017) and the agreement on general insurance (2016)

| | 31/12/2017 | 31/12/2016 | Amount | % |
|---|------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| Gross margin ¹ | 972 | 991 | -19 | -1.9% |
| Profit before taxes ¹ | 212 | 93 | 120 | 128.8% |
| Consolidated net income ¹ | 189 | 66 | 123 | 185.2% |
| Attributable net income ¹ | 191 | 81 | 110 | 135.9% |

The following line items of the consolidated P&L include:

(*) Gains or (-) losses on derecognition of financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net - Gains or (-) losses on financial assets and liabilities held for trading, net - Gains or (-) losses on financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, net - Gains or (-) losses from hedge accounting, net

(**) Other operating income - (Other operating expenses); Income on insurance and reinsurance contracts - (Expenses on insurance and reinsurance contracts)

(***) (Impairment or (-) reversal of impairment of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates) - (Impairment or (-) reversal of impairment on non-financial assets) - Gains or (-) losses on derecognition of non-financial assets and investments, net - Negative goodwill recognized in profit or loss - Profit or (-) loss from non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale not qualifying as discontinued operations

QUARTERLY EVOLUTION

| Million euros | 4Q 2017 | 3Q 2017 | 2Q 2017 | 1Q 2017 | 4Q 2016 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Interest income | 205 | 208 | 219 | 221 | 243 |
| Interest expense | 54 | 67 | 73 | 75 | 83 |
| NET INTEREST INCOME | 151 | 141 | 146 | 145 | 160 |
| Dividend income | 3 | 7 | 10 | 3 | 5 |
| Share of results of entities accounted for using the equity method | 9 | 20 | 17 | 4 | 17 |
| Net fee income | 56 | 55 | 56 | 53 | 52 |
| Trading income (*) | 18 | 2 | 32 | 45 | -6 |
| Other operating income/expenses (**) | -55 | 31 | 17 | 31 | -21 |
| GROSS INCOME | 181 | 256 | 279 | 281 | 207 |
| Administrative costs | 145 | 148 | 150 | 148 | 149 |
| Staff costs | 99 | 100 | 101 | 101 | 108 |
| Other administrative costs | 46 | 48 | 48 | 47 | 42 |
| Amortization | 10 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| PRE-PROVISION PROFIT | 26 | 99 | 118 | 121 | 46 |
| Provisions /reversal of provisions | 37 | 6 | 95 | -5 | 41 |
| Impairments / reversal of financial assets | -19 | 24 | 1 | 31 | -25 |
| Off which credit and loans | -17 | 21 | 19 | 26 | 10 |
| NET OPERATING INCOME | 8 | 70 | 22 | 95 | 30 |
| Impairments on non-financial assets (***) | -1 | 14 | 22 | 21 | 79 |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAX | 10 | 56 | 0 | 74 | -49 |
| Taxes | -9 | 10 | -24 | 23 | 14 |
| NET INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | 18 | 46 | 24 | 51 | -62 |
| Profit / loss from discontinued operations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME | 18 | 46 | 24 | 51 | -56 |
| ATTRIBUTABLE NET INCOME | 6 | 50 | 34 | 52 | -53 |

Million euros / %

| | 4Q 2017 | | | 3Q 2017 | | | 2Q 2017 | | | 1Q 2017 | | | 4Q 2016 | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------------|----------------|------------------|------------|----------------|------------------|------------|----------------|------------------|------------|----------------|------------------|------------|----------------|
| | Average balances | II/IE | Yield/cost (%) | Average balances | II/IE | Yield/cost (%) | Average balances | II/IE | Yield/cost (%) | Average balances | II/IE | Yield/cost (%) | Average balances | II/IE | Yield/cost (%) |
| Financial intermediaries | 4,670 | -3 | -0.28 | 3,543 | -3 | -0.30 | 3,380 | -1 | -0.16 | 3,034 | -1 | -0.08 | 2,286 | 0 | -0.07 |
| Fixed income portfolio | 17,338 | 56 | 1.28 | 17,638 | 55 | 1.24 | 16,958 | 55 | 1.31 | 17,742 | 53 | 1.21 | 18,921 | 60 | 1.25 |
| Performing loans | 26,036 | 135 | 2.05 | 26,791 | 138 | 2.05 | 27,284 | 150 | 2.21 | 27,202 | 158 | 2.36 | 27,391 | 165 | 2.39 |
| Other assets (including NPLs) | 8,325 | 9 | | 8,467 | 9 | | 8,277 | 8 | | 8,557 | 5 | | 8,972 | 12 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 56,369 | 196 | 1.38 | 56,439 | 200 | 1.41 | 55,899 | 213 | 1.53 | 56,534 | 215 | 1.55 | 57,569 | 236 | 1.63 |
| Financial intermediaries | 7,049 | -4 | -0.25 | 6,465 | -4 | -0.27 | 6,655 | -2 | -0.14 | 7,184 | 0 | -0.02 | 7,425 | -3 | -0.15 |
| Debt securities | 5,570 | 28 | 1.99 | 5,918 | 29 | 1.96 | 6,144 | 29 | 1.89 | 6,470 | 30 | 1.86 | 6,720 | 32 | 1.90 |
| Customer deposits | 36,913 | 20 | 0.22 | 36,813 | 22 | 0.24 | 36,461 | 24 | 0.26 | 36,143 | 26 | 0.29 | 36,340 | 30 | 0.33 |
| Sight deposits (PS) | 24,905 | 3 | 0.05 | 24,412 | 4 | 0.06 | 23,201 | 4 | 0.07 | 22,811 | 4 | 0.07 | 22,183 | 4 | 0.07 |
| Term deposits (PS) | 9,555 | 17 | 0.69 | 10,201 | 18 | 0.71 | 11,117 | 20 | 0.72 | 11,105 | 22 | 0.79 | 11,955 | 25 | 0.83 |
| Subordinated liabilities | 0 | 0 | | 302 | 10 | 13.59 | 604 | 15 | 10.09 | 604 | 15 | 9.75 | 608 | 15 | 9.72 |
| Other liabilities | 6,837 | 1 | | 6,942 | 2 | | 6,036 | 1 | | 6,134 | 1 | | 6,476 | 2 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 56,369 | 45 | 0.32 | 56,439 | 59 | 0.41 | 55,899 | 67 | 0.48 | 56,534 | 70 | 0.51 | 57,569 | 76 | 0.53 |
| CUSTOMER SPREAD* | | | 1.84 | | | 1.81 | | | 1.94 | | | 2.07 | | | 2.07 |
| NET INTEREST MARGIN | 56,369 | 151 | 1.06 | 56,439 | 141 | 0.99 | 55,899 | 146 | 1.04 | 56,534 | 145 | 1.04 | 57,569 | 160 | 1.10 |

I.I: Interest Income
I.E: Interest expenses
PS: Private Sector
() Performing loans - Customer deposits*

At the end of 2017, the Group reported a net profit of EUR 138 million, of which EUR 18 million correspond to Q4 2017. The restructuring of bancassurance agreements was completed during the previous half, with a negative accounting impact. If this were stripped out, the group's net profit would be EUR 189 million.

Profit derives mainly from EUR 803 million in net interest income and fees, representing 1.4% of average total assets. Although the margin has dropped in year-on-year terms, in line with the interest rate environment and the net fall in lending volumes in which we are immersed, it improved in the fourth quarter by 6.9%, mainly thanks to the reduction in the Group's financing costs, stemming from the buyback in the third quarter of the CoCos issued by EspañaDuero before it was acquired by Unicaja Banco. On the other hand, fees have risen 2% in the quarter thus consolidating the growth experienced in the course of the year.

The customer spread deteriorated slightly over the year, due to several factors: the Euribor's performance in 2017 and the impact on the retail mortgage portfolio of claims relating to the floor clauses resulting from application of Royal Decree-Law 1/2017 and to a lesser extent to the maturities of public sector transactions. Nevertheless, in the last quarter there was an improvement because of

lower funding costs and the contribution of the debt securities portfolio, despite the impact of claims relating to floor clauses.

Good fee performance, which have risen both in the year (+6.5%) and against the same quarter last year (+6.1%), is mostly focused in collections and payments services (+8.5%) and in distribution of off-balance sheet products (+3.4%), in line with the company's strategic objectives. Net fees have also risen from the previous quarter.

Net trading income and exchange differences, which amounted to EUR 98 million, 25.6% above the previous year, has been mainly from fixed income investments in the first quarter of 2017 and equity investments in the remaining quarters.

The results for other operating income /expenses, which fell by 80% in relation to the previous year, were strongly influenced by the process of reordering the bancassurance alliances that began in 2016 with the sale of non-life insurance distribution rights to Caser, generating EUR 98 million of income for this ledger entry. This has impacted the marketing of life insurance in 2017 with sales of EUR 25 million for this item alone. The results from real estate activity, booked in this section, as well as the SRF and Deposit Guarantee Fund costs, and the DTA monetisation levy, were similar to the previous year. The rest of the negative

variation is largely due to the recognition at the end of 2016 of a number of non-recurring income.

| € millones | 2016 | 2017 | %Δ YoY |
|--|--------------|------------|--------------|
| Margen de intereses | 620 | 583 | -6,0% |
| Comisiones | 207 | 220 | 6,1% |
| Ingresos "core" | 827 | 803 | -2,9% |
| ROF y diferencias de cambio | 78 | 98 | 25,6% |
| Dividendos y puesta en equivalencia | 63 | 72 | 14,7% |
| Otros productos/cargas | 121 | 24 | -80,2% |
| <i>Del que acuerdo seguros generales (A)</i> | 98 | - | - |
| <i>Del que earn-out de UD Vida y Pensiones</i> | - | 25 | - |
| Margen bruto | 1.089 | 997 | -8,5% |
| Margen bruto excluyendo (A) y (B) | 991 | 972 | -1,9% |

The application of a strict policy of cost containment and rationalization, part of a plan to improve efficiency and achieve the synergies envisaged in the Business Plan, continues to bear fruit, with an improvement of operating expenses (administrative expenses plus amortisation and depreciation) of 3.5%, a reduction of EUR 23 million, of which 5 million correspond the last quarter, compared to the same period last year.

FEES

| Million euros | 4Q 2017 | 3Q 2017 | 2Q 2017 | 1Q 2017 | 4Q 2016 | QoQ | YoY |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| FEE INCOME | 58 | 62 | 63 | 58 | 55 | -6.2% | 5.5% |
| From contingent risk | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | -8.3% | -13.4% |
| From contingent commitments | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | -6.3% | -3.8% |
| From currency exchange | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -39.8% | -13.2% |
| From payments and collections | 32 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 29 | -6.6% | 8.5% |
| From non banking products | 23 | 23 | 25 | 23 | 22 | -1.7% | 3.4% |
| Other fees | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | -45.3% | 8.3% |
| FEE EXPENSES | 2 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 3 | -75.1% | -15.4% |
| NET FEE INCOME | 56 | 55 | 56 | 53 | 52 | 2.0% | 8.3% |

IMPAIRMENTS

| Million euros | 4Q 2017 | 3Q 2017 | 2Q 2017 | 1Q 2017 | 4Q 2016 | YoY | |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| | | | | | | Amount | % |
| Credit impairments | 17 | -21 | -19 | -27 | -10 | 27 | -276.2% |
| Foreclosed assets impairments | -8 | -13 | -2 | -20 | -72 | 64 | -88.6% |
| Provisions | -37 | -6 | -95 | 5 | -41 | 4 | -10.0% |
| Other results | 11 | -4 | -2 | -6 | 28 | -17 | -59.4% |
| TOTAL RECURRENT IMPAIRMENTS | -16 | -44 | -118 | -47 | -95 | 79 | -82.8% |

IMPAIRMENTS

| Million euros | 2017 | 2016 | YoY | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| | | | Amount | % |
| Credit impairments | -49 | -84 | 35 | -42.0% |
| Foreclosed assets impairments | -43 | -96 | 52 | -54.9% |
| Provisions | -133 | -104 | -29 | 27.4% |
| Other results | 0 | 41 | -41 | -100.7% |
| TOTAL RECURRENT IMPAIRMENTS | -224 | -242 | 18 | -7.3% |

Finally, credit and foreclosed assets impairments in 2017 came to 51% of those in the 2016 financial year. The cost of risk by the end of 2017 was 0.15%, well below the 0.25% recorded for the whole of 2016.

9. Liquidity

Loan to deposits

| Million euros | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 30/06/2017 | 31/03/2017 | 31/12/2016 | QoQ | |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | Amount | % |
| Credit and loans (excluding valuations adjustments) | 30,840 | 31,214 | 32,506 | 32,114 | 32,344 | -374 | -1.2% |
| -Reverse repos | 2,221 | 2,218 | 2,178 | 1,867 | 2,078 | 3 | 0.1% |
| a) Core credit and loans | 28,619 | 28,996 | 30,329 | 30,247 | 30,266 | -378 | -1.3% |
| Customers deposits (excluding valuations adjustments) | 45,373 | 44,807 | 44,540 | 44,536 | 47,710 | 566 | 1.3% |
| -Repos | 2,563 | 1,638 | 1,498 | 1,450 | 4,797 | 925 | 56.4% |
| -Multi-issuer covered bonds | 5,093 | 5,718 | 5,718 | 6,170 | 6,370 | -625 | -10.9% |
| b) Core customer deposits | 37,718 | 37,452 | 37,325 | 36,916 | 36,543 | 266 | 0.7% |

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--|
| LtD ratio (a/b) | 76% | 77% | 81% | 82% | 83% | -1.5% | |
|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--|

The Group's high liquidity levels are reflected in its LtD ratio which, at the end of 2017, stands at around 76%, slightly lower than year-end 2016,

due to the growth of the business discussed earlier.

| Liquid assets | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 30/06/2017 | 31/03/2017 | 31/12/2016 | QoQ | |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | Amount | % |
| Cash surplus (1) | 3,073 | 411 | 853 | 925 | 55 | 2,662 | 647.2% |
| Discountable reverse repos | 2,222 | 2,581 | 2,178 | 1,867 | 2,196 | -359 | -13.9% |
| Fixed income portfolio and other discountable assets in ECB | 15,534 | 17,075 | 16,372 | 16,655 | 19,610 | -1,541 | -9.0% |
| Total liquid assets (ECB discount value) | 20,829 | 20,067 | 19,403 | 19,447 | 21,861 | 762 | 3.8% |
| Liquid assets used | | | | | | | |
| In ECB | 3,340 | 3,340 | 3,340 | 3,340 | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Repos | 3,311 | 3,020 | 2,191 | 2,818 | 7,317 | 291 | 9.6% |
| Total liquid assets used | 6,652 | 6,361 | 5,532 | 6,158 | 7,317 | 291 | 4.6% |
| AVAILABLE DISCOUNTABLE LIQUID ASSETS | 14,177 | 13,706 | 13,872 | 13,289 | 14,544 | 471 | 3.4% |
| % over total assets | 25.2% | 24.3% | 24.6% | 23.7% | 25.4% | 0.9% | |

(1) Interbank deposits + surplus balance in ECB and operating balances

Unicaja Banco Group filed at 31 December 2017 its liquid and discountable assets position at the European Central Bank, net of assets used, of EUR 14,177 million at 30th June 2017, representing 25.2% of the total balance sheet.

This large volume of liquid assets will enable the forthcoming wholesale funding maturities in the markets to be managed comfortably (EUR 889 million in 2018 and EUR 668 million in 2019).

Debt securities maturities

Debt securities (*)

| | |
|-------------|------------|
| 2018 | 889 |
| 2019 | 668 |
| 2020 | 325 |

(*) Includes multi issuer covered bonds

| LIQUIDITY RATIOS | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 30/06/2017 | 31/03/2016 | 31/12/2016 | QoQ |
|------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| LCR | 701% | 884% | 1057% | 607% | 410% | -183 pp |
| NSFR | 134% | 129% | 127% | 133% | 125% | 5 pp |

10. Solvency

SOLVENCY

PHASE IN RATIOS

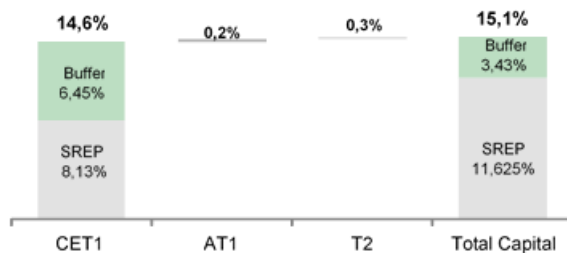
| <i>Million € and %</i> | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 30/06/2017 | 31/03/2017 | 31/12/2016 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Qualifying capital | 3,650 | 3,654 | 3,488 | 3,530 | 3,569 |
| CET1 capital (BIS III) | 3,532 | 3,530 | 3,373 | 3,416 | 3,469 |
| Capital and share premium | 2,820 | 2,820 | 2,063 | 2,063 | 2,063 |
| Reserves | 845 | 700 | 712 | 774 | 664 |
| Attributable net profit (excluding dividends) | 101 | 60 | 62 | 39 | 118 |
| Deductions | -250 | -245 | -267 | -258 | -179 |
| Other (treasury stock, minorities, AFS gains) | 17 | 196 | 804 | 797 | 803 |
| Tier 1 | 42 | 42 | 39 | 39 | 29 |
| Tier 2 | 76 | 82 | 76 | 76 | 71 |
| Risk weighted assets | 24,239 | 24,949 | 25,128 | 24,895 | 25,188 |
| CET1 capital (BIS III) (%) | 14.6% | 14.1% | 13.4% | 13.7% | 13.8% |
| Tier 1 | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.1% |
| Tier 2 | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.3% |
| Total capital ratio (%) | 15.1% | 14.6% | 13.9% | 14.2% | 14.2% |

FULLY LOADED RATIOS

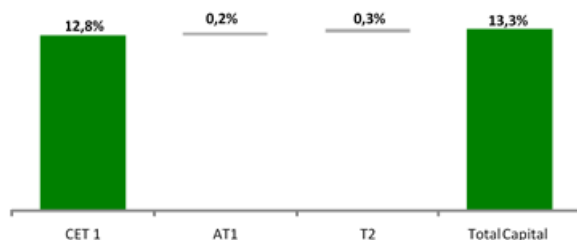
| <i>Million € and %</i> | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 30/06/2017 | 31/03/2017 | 31/12/2016 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Qualify capital | 3,196 | 3,227 | 3,063 | 3,093 | 3,079 |
| CET1 capital (BIS III) | 3,069 | 3,099 | 2,934 | 2,964 | 2,952 |
| Capital and share premium | 2,820 | 2,820 | 2,063 | 2,063 | 2,063 |
| Reserves | 845 | 700 | 712 | 774 | 664 |
| Attributable net profit (excluding dividends) | 101 | 60 | 62 | 39 | 118 |
| Deductions | -719 | -714 | -736 | -737 | -743 |
| Other (treasury stock, minorities, AFS gains) | 22 | 233 | 834 | 824 | 850 |
| Tier 1 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| Tier 2 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 79 | 78 |
| Risk weighted assets | 24,022 | 24,741 | 24,899 | 24,663 | 24,932 |
| CET1 capital (BIS III) (%) | 12.8% | 12.5% | 11.8% | 12.0% | 11.8% |
| Tier 1 | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.2% |
| Tier 2 | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.3% |
| Total capital ratio (%) | 13.3% | 13.0% | 12.3% | 12.5% | 12.4% |

| | 31/12/2017 | |
|---|-------------|--------------|
| | Phase in | Fully Loaded |
| CET1 (%) | 14.6% | 12.8% |
| Total capital (%) | 15.1% | 13.3% |
| 2018 CET1 SREP requirement | 8.13% | n.a. |
| 2018 Total capital SREP requirement | 11.63% | n.a. |
| Excess of capital over 2018 CET1 SREP requirement | 6.4% | n.a. |
| Excess of capital over 2018 Total capital SREP requirement | 3.4% | n.a. |

Unicaja Banco Group has a common equity tier 1 ratio (CET1) of 14.6% and a total capital ratio of 15.1%. This represents an increase of 0.8bp versus 2016 in CET1 and of 0.9bp on total equity, mainly brought about by the IPO and Rights Issue, the purchase of FROB's CoCos and the year-end results, which has offset the application of the "phase in" and the purchase of the EspañaDuero shares held by the FROB.



In fully loaded terms Unicaja Banco has a CET1 ratio of 12.8% and a total capital ratio of 13.3%. This represents a 1.0% increase in the CET1 ratio and a 0.9% increase in the total capital ratio, compared to December 2016.



On the other hand, restructuring agreements in the life insurance and pensions segments have involved certain corporate operations, which await confirmation from the required administrative authorisations from the competent bodies; once they materialise, a negative impact on capital of 27bp is anticipated.

In terms of performance over the quarter, we should highlight the 0.5 p.p. increase in the CET1 regulatory ratio, fundamentally as a result of the reduction in RWAs relating to operational risk and to the maturity of investments in several multiseller mortgage-covered bonds, as well as the fact that the results of the third quarter were not booked in that quarter.

We should point out that the supervisory authorities have notified the institution of the SREP's requirements for 2018, setting the CET1 ratio at 8.125% and the total capital ratio at 11.625%. This means that at the end of 2017 the Group has a surplus of 645 base points over its CET1 requirements and of 343 base points over its total capital requirements, a tangible evidence of the institution's high capitalisation and low risk profile.

The Texas ratio comes in at 72.4% at year-end closing. This latter ratio measures the percentage represented by the sum of NPLs and foreclosed assets divided by the aggregate of: i) provisions for NPLs, ii) provisions for foreclosures, and iii) equity. The lower this ratio, the better the quality of the balance sheet and liquidity. In the case of the Group, the ratio has gone down by 22.3 p.p. since 2016 year-end, and by 4.2 p.p. over the quarter, which underlines the quality of its balance sheet and its liquidity.

Finally, the implementation of the IFRS9 accounting regulations are expected to have a positive impact of 30 bp on the CET1 phase-in, which corresponds to the net negative impact of larger impairments and of unrealised capital gains.

| | 31/12/2017 | 30/09/2017 | 30/06/2017 | 31/03/2017 | 31/12/2016 | QoQ | YoY |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Texas Ratio | 72.4% | 76.6% | 81.8% | 92.6% | 94.7% | -4.2 pp | -22.3 pp |

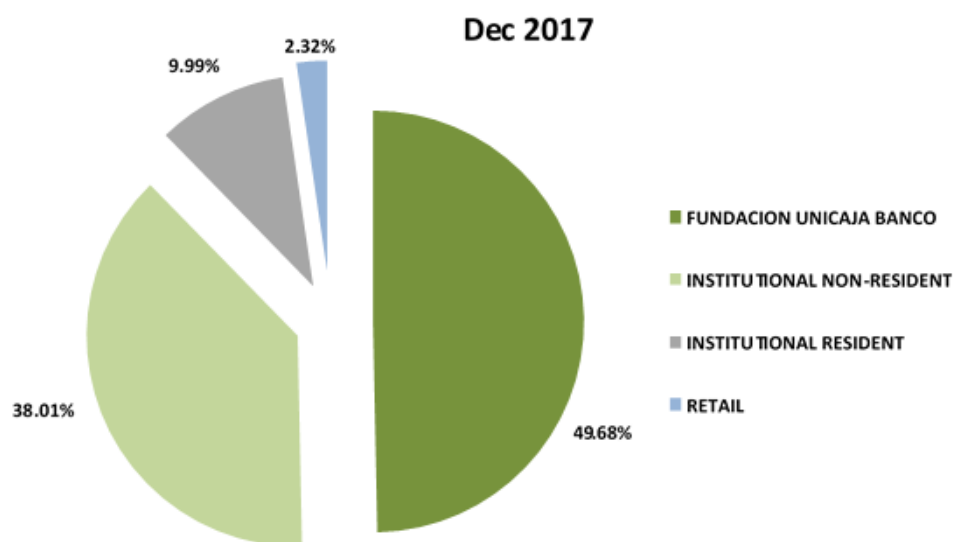
Texas Ratio: $NPLs + Foreclosed\ assets / Tangible\ Book\ value + NPAs\ provisions$

APPENDIX I:
SHARE PRICE PERFORMANCE
Listing Data

| UNICAJA BANCO | Dec-17 |
|--|----------------|
| Number of shareholders | 15,613 |
| Average daily trading (num. of shares) | 3,734,372 |
| Average daily trading (euros) | 4,708,077 |
| Closing high (euros/share) | 1.370 (15-Aug) |
| Closing low (euros/share) | 1.170 (30-Jun) |
| Year-end closing (euros/share) | 1.314 (29-Dec) |

Main shareholders

| | NUM. OF SHAREHOLDERS | SHARES | % |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| FUNDACION UNICAJA BANCO | 1 | 800,000,000 | 49.68% |
| INSTITUTIONAL NON-RESIDENT | 86 | 612,039,855 | 38.01% |
| INSTITUTIONAL RESIDENT | 362 | 160,861,825 | 9.99% |
| RETAIL | 15,164 | 37,400,441 | 2.32% |
| TOTAL | 15,613 | 1,610,302,121 | 100.00% |



APPENDIX II:
ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES (APM)

The information contained in this Appendix is prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards adapted by the European Union (EU-IFRS). In addition, Unicaja Banco Group considers that certain Alternative Performance Measures (APM), as defined in the Directive on Alternative Performance Measures issued by the European Securities Market Authority (ESMA) on 5th October 2015 (ESMA / 2015 / 1415en), provide additional information that may be useful for analysing the Group's financial performance.

The Group considers that the APMs included in this appendix comply with ESMA Guidelines. These APMs have not been audited and in no way are a substitute for the financial information prepared under IFRS. Likewise, the definition that the Group uses of these APMs may differ from other similar measures calculated by other companies and therefore may not be comparable.

Following the recommendations of the aforementioned Guidelines, the breakdown of the APMs used by Unicaja Banco Group is attached below, including the definitions and matching balance sheet and income statement items used by the Unicaja Banco Group:

| ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES (APM) | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|---|--------------|--------------|
| (in EUR million or %) | | | |
| Cost of risk | Impairment in value or (-) reversal of impairment in value of loans and receivables to customers | 48.6 | 83.8 |
| | Average between start/end of period for loans and receivables from the customer base (excluding valuation adjustments) | 31,884 | 34,082 |
| | Ratio | 0.15% | 0.25% |
| Cost to income ratio (Operating Expenses excl. amort. & depre. / gross margin) | Administrative expenses | 590 | 611 |
| | Gross Margin | 997 | 1,089 |
| | Ratio | 59.2% | 56.1% |
| Customer spread | Yields on non-doubtful loans and advances to customers (excluding repos) over average quarterly balances of loans and non-doubtful advances to customers (without valuation adjustments and excluding repos and other financial assets) | 2.15% | 2.51% |
| | Cost in the year of customer deposits (excluding repos) over average quarterly balances for the year of customer deposits (without valuation adjustments and excluding repos) | 0.25% | 0.44% |
| | Difference between yield & cost | 1.90% | 2.07% |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|--------------|
| Foreclosed assets coverage | Impairment in the value of properties foreclosed in settlement of debt | 1,197 | 1,594 |
| | Gross carrying amount of properties foreclosed in settlement of debt | 1,872 | 2,567 |
| | Ratio | 64.0% | 62.1% |

| | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--------------|--------------|
| Net Interest Margin | Net interest income | 583 | 620 |
| | Total average assets (average of quarterly average balances) | 56,413 | 58,830 |
| | Ratio | 1.03% | 1.05% |

| | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| NPL coverage ratio | Credit risk coverage (Dec'16: excluding extraordinary provisions for floor clauses) | 1,355 | 1,608 |
| | Gross impaired assets | 2,710 | 3,215 |
| | Ratio | 50.0% | 50.0% |

| | | | |
|------------------|---|-------------|-------------|
| NPL ratio | Gross impaired assets | 2,710 | 3,215 |
| | Loans and advances to customers (excluding valuation adjustments) | 31,038 | 32,730 |
| | Ratio | 8.7% | 9.8% |

| | | | |
|------------|--|-------------|-------------|
| ROA | Consolidated results for the period | 138.4 | 135.1 |
| | Total average assets (average of quarterly average balances) | 56,413 | 58,830 |
| | Ratio | 0.2% | 0.2% |

| | | | |
|------------|--|-------------|-------------|
| ROE | Net income to the parent entity | 142.4 | 142.1 |
| | Average shareholders' equity (excluding adjustments from other accumulated income) (average of quarterly average balances) | 3,397 | 2,919 |
| | Ratio | 4.2% | 4.9% |

| | | | |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|
| Performing gross loans and advances to customers (ex- reverse repos, ex-other financial assets) | 1. Loans and receivables. Credit and loans at variable interest rate. | 25,388 | 28,074 |
| | 2. Loans and receivables. Credit and loans at fixed interest rate. | 3,230 | 2,192 |
| | 3. Loans and receivables. Impaired assets. | 2,710 | 3,215 |
| | Performance measure (1+2-3) | 25,908 | 27,051 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------|---------------|
| Total customer funds | 1. Financial liabilities carried at amortized cost. Customer deposits (excluding valuation adjustments). | 45,373 | 47,710 |
| | 2. Debt securities issued (excluding valuation adjustments). | 130 | 804 |
| | 3. Funds managed through off-balance sheet instruments | 12,699 | 11,635 |
| | Performance measure (1+2+3) | 58,202 | 60,149 |

| | | | |
|------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------|
| Retail customer funds | 1. Funds under management | 58,202 | 60,149 |
| | 2. Multi-user mortgage covered bonds under the heading "Term saving" | 5,291 | 6,568 |
| | 3. Customer deposits. Repos (excluding valuation adjustments) | 3,157 | 5,318 |
| | 4. Deposits from customers. Other (excluding valuation adjustments) | 59 | 39 |
| | 5. Issued debt securities (excluding valuation adjustments) | 130 | 804 |
| | 6. Repos controlled by retail customers. <i>Management data</i> | 852 | 758 |
| | Performance measure (1-2-3-4-5+6) | 50,417 | 48,178 |

| | | | |
|------------------------|--|--------------|---------------|
| Wholesale funds | 1. Multi-user mortgage covered bonds under the heading "Term saving" | 5,291 | 6,568 |
| | 2. Customer deposits. Repos (excluding valuation adjustments) | 3,157 | 5,318 |
| | 3. Customer deposits Other (excludes valuation adjustments) | 59 | 39 |
| | 4. Issued debt securities (excluding valuation adjustments) | 130 | 804 |
| | 5. Repos controlled by retail customers. <i>Management data</i> | 852 | 758 |
| | Performance measure (1+2+3+4-5) | 7,785 | 11,971 |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|
| Loan to Deposits (LtD) | 1. Loans and receivables. Credit and loans at variable interest rate | 25,388 | 28,074 |
| | 2. Loans and receivables. Credit and loans at variable interest rate | 3,230 | 2,192 |
| | (1+2) NUMERATOR. Customer loans and advances - excluding valuation adjustments- | 28,618 | 30,266 |
| | 1. Financial liabilities carried at amortized cost. Deposits from customers (excluding valuation adjustments) | 45,373 | 47,710 |
| | 2. Multi-user mortgage covered bonds under the heading "Term saving" | 5,291 | 6,568 |
| | 3. Customer deposits. Repos (excluding valuation adjustments) | 3,157 | 5,318 |
| | 4. Customer deposits. Other (excluding valuation adjustments) | 59 | 39 |
| | 5. Repos controlled by retail customers. <i>Management data</i> | 852 | 758 |
| | (1-2-3-4+5) DENOMINATOR. Customer deposits (non-market) -excluding valuation adjustments- | 37,718 | 36,543 |
| | Ratio | 75.9% | 82.8% |

| | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---------------|---------------|
| Gross liquid assets | 1. Cash surplus (interbank deposits + balance surplus in ECB and operating accounts) | 3,073 | 54.7 |
| | 2. Discountable reverse repos | 2,222 | 2,196 |
| | 3. Fixed income portfolio and other discountable assets in ECB | 15,534 | 19,610 |
| | Performance measure (1+2+3) | 20,829 | 21,861 |

Sum of:

- Surplus/deficit of deposits in Bank of Spain with respect to the minimum reserve ratio in effect on the date, surplus/ deficit in operating accounts open in credit institutions compared to the average during the previous 12 months

- Net position of interbank deposits with other credit institutions.

- Fixed-income portfolio that the Entity can discount in ECB, both in fixed assets and through repurchase agreements, including the own portfolio issued for use as collateral in ECB and pledged loans, valued at discount value in ECB.

| | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Net liquid assets | 1. Gross liquid assets | 20,829 | 21,861 |
| | 2. Taken in the ECB | 3,340 | 0 |
| | 3. Repos | 3,311 | 7,317 |
| | Performance measure (1-2-3) | 14,177 | 14,544 |

Any part of the gross assets already used or being used as collateral for financing, either with the ECB, for repurchase agreements or other pledges, has been discounted.

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|
| Total performing loans | 1. Loans and accounts receivables (excluding valuation adjustments) | 33,804 | 33,687 |
| | 2. Debt securities | 2,585 | 786 |
| | 3. Loans and advances to credit institutions | 184 | 170 |
| | 4. Impaired assets | 2,710 | 3,215 |
| | Performance measure (1-2-3-4) | 28,326 | 29,514 |

| | | | |
|--|---|--------------|--------------|
| Performing loans to public sector | 1. Loans and accounts receivables resident public administrations | 1,524 | 2,160 |
| | 2. Impaired assets resident public administrations | 8 | 10 |
| | Performance measure (1-2) | 1,516 | 2,150 |

| | | | |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| Performing loans to private sector | 1. Loans and accounts receivables (excluding valuation adjustments) | 33,804 | 33,687 |
| | 2. Debt securities | 2,585 | 786 |
| | 3. Term deposits in financial institutions | 120 | 73 |
| | 4. Other financial assets | 259 | 484 |
| | 5. Non-NPL credit to public administrations | 1,516 | 2,150 |
| | 6. Reverse purchase agreements | 2,220 | 2,078 |
| | 7. Impaired assets | 2,710 | 3,215 |
| | Performance measure (1-2-3-4-5-6-7) | 24,394 | 24,901 |

| | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Operating expenses | 1. Administrative expenses | 590.5 | 610.6 |
| | 2. Depreciation and amortization | 42.3 | 45.2 |
| | Performance measure (1+2) | 632.8 | 655.9 |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|------|------|
| Credit and loans impairments | Impairment in value or (-) reversal of impairment in value of loans and receivables to customers | 48.6 | 83.8 |
|-------------------------------------|--|------|------|

| | | | |
|-------------------|--|-------|-------|
| Provisions | Provisioning or (-) provisioning reversals | 132.4 | 104.0 |
|-------------------|--|-------|-------|

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Pre-provision profit | 1. Gross Margin | 997.0 | 1,089.1 |
| | 2. Administrative expenses | 590.5 | 610.6 |
| | 3. Depreciation and amortization | 42.3 | 45.2 |
| | Performance measure (1-2-3) | 364.2 | 433.3 |

| | | | |
|---|---|--------------|--------------|
| Provisions and impairments and other results | 1. Provisioning or (-) provisioning reversals | 132.4 | 104.0 |
| | 2. Impairment or (-) reversal in the value of financial assets not measured at fair value through profit and loss | 36.7 | 38.5 |
| | 3. Impairment or (-) reversal in the value of joint ventures or associates | 27.2 | 27.3 |
| | 4. Impairment or (-) reversal of non-financial assets | 46.7 | 96.9 |
| | 5. Net gain or (-) loss on derecognition from the statements non-financial assets and stakes, netted out | 18.7 | 25.0 |
| | 6 Recognised negative goodwill | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | 7 Gains or (-) losses arising from non-current assets and disposal groups of items classified as held for sale that cannot be classified as discontinued operations | -0.1 | -0.5 |
| | Performance measure (1+2+3+4-5-6-7) | 224.5 | 242.3 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net fee income | 1. Fee and commission income | 240.6 | 225.8 |
| | 2. Fee and commission expense | 20.4 | 18.4 |
| | Performance measure (1-2) | 220.2 | 207.4 |

| | | | |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|
| Trading income + exchange differences | 1. Net gain or (-) losses on derecognition from the statements of financial assets and liabilities (not measured at fair value) through profit or loss, netted out | 96.1 | 84.1 |
| | 2. Net gain or (-) losses from financial assets and liabilities held for trading | 1.7 | -7.1 |
| | 3. Net gain or (-) losses from financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, netted out | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | 4. Net gain (-) losses from hedge accounting, netted out | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| | 5. Net exchange differences, gains or (-) losses, netted out | 0.4 | 1.0 |
| | Performance measure (1+2+3+4+5) | 98.3 | 78.2 |

| | | | |
|---|---|-------------|--------------|
| Other operating income/ expenses | 1. Other operating income | 163.9 | 232.0 |
| | 2. Other operating expenses | 139.9 | 115.9 |
| | 3. Income from assets under insurance or reinsurance contracts | 0.0 | 17.4 |
| | 4. Expenses from liabilities under insurance or reinsurance contracts | 0.0 | 12.5 |
| | Performance measure (1-2+3-4) | 24.0 | 121.0 |